Urinary Incontinence and Pelvic Organ Prolapse (尿失禁/ 盆底器官脱垂)

Know Your Options 认识你的选择

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Background 背景资料

- Urinary incontinence and pelvic organ prolapse are common in post menopausal women
- Although rarely lifethreatening, they drastically impact the quality of life of a woman
- 尿失禁和盆腔器官 脱垂常见于绝经后 的妇女
- 虽然很少危及生命 ,他们能够极大地 影响女性的生活质 量

Background 背景资料

- 10-30% of women experience urinary incontinence
- 30% of women have been found to have pelvic floor prolapse
- 1 in 8 women will undergo surgery for incontinence or prolapse and 1 in 3 will require a second surgery
- 10-30%女性有尿 失禁
- 30%女性有盆底脱
- ■8名妇女中有1名将 接受手术治疗失禁 或脱垂而3名妇女 中有1名将需要做 第二次手术

Urinary Incontinence: Common Types



尿失禁: 常见类型

- Stress Incontinence: 压力性尿失禁: 咳嗽 leakage with cough, sneeze, laugh, exercise or lifting
- Urge Incontinence: sudden sense to urinate followed by loss of urine
- Mixed Incontinence
- 时,打喷嚏,大笑, 运动或举重
- 急迫性尿失禁: 突然 感觉尿意跟着失禁
- 混合性尿失禁



Urinary Incontinence: Options

- 尿失禁:选择
- Conservative/ Noninvasive Treatment
- Medication: treats mainly urge incontinence
- Surgery: treats mainly stress incontinence

- 保守/无创治疗
- 药物治疗: 主要治疗急迫性尿失禁
- 手术治疗: 主要治疗压力性尿失禁





4 Must-Know Facts About Kegel Exercise 四个你对Kegel练习必须知道的事实

- Commonly prescribing to improve many condition
- How to lift pelvic floor and contract muscle
- They can be done at any location, e.g. at home, office or in the car
- They have been proven effective in reducing urinary incontinence

- ■常用于改善许多健康 状况
- 要知道如何抬起盆底 与肌肉收缩
- 您可以在任何地方做 这练习,例如在家中 ,办公室或在车
- 它已被证明可以有效 的减少尿失禁



Conservative Treatment

保守/无创治疗

- Life style changes 改变生活方式
 - □ Weight loss
 - ☐ Stop smoking
 - □ Diet: cut down coffee. tea, soft drinks, alcohol, drink less fluids prior to sleeping
 - □ Bladder training protocol

- - □减肥
 - □停止吸烟
 - □饮食:减少咖啡, 茶,汽水/可乐,酒 ,少在睡觉前喝流 体
 - □膀胱训练

Medication 药物

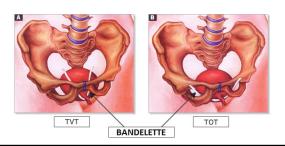
- by relaxing the bladder muscle and decrease the frequency and urgency of urination
- Takes about 2-3 months for full effects
- Side-effects include dry mouth and constipation

- All medications work 所有的药物通过放松膀 胱肌肉的作用来减少排 尿次数和紧迫性
 - 大约需要2-3个月全面见 效
 - ■副作用包括口干和便秘



Surgery 手术

- Minimally invasive
- 90% success for treatment of stress urinary incontinence
- ■微创
- 90%的成功治疗 压力性尿失禁





Pelvic Organ Prolapse 盆底器官脱垂

- A condition when the muscles and ligaments supporting a woman's pelvic organs weaken, the pelvic organs can slip out of place
- There are different types of pelvic organ prolapse: uterus, bladder, bowel, etc.
- women develop pelvic organ prolapse after childbirth, a hysterectomy or menopause.
- 当肌肉和韧带支撑一个 女人的骨盆器官减弱, 盆腔里面的器官可以滑 出盆腔
- 有不同类型的盆腔器官 脱垂的:子宫,膀胱, 肠等
- 盆腔器官脱垂可以在妇 女分娩后,子宫切除术 或绝经后发生。



Symptoms 症状

- Pelvic pressure
- Feeling as if something is falling out of your vagina
- Pulling pain in the groin area and lower back
- Constipation
- Difficulty urinating

- ■盆腔里有压迫感
- 感觉好像有什么东 西在你的阴道掉下 来
- 在腹股沟区与后腰 有牵拉疼痛
- ■便秘
- ■排尿困难



Prolapse: Treatment options

脱垂:治疗方案

- Kegel exercises
- Pessariessilicone dishes that lift the pelvic organs
 - ☐ Must be fitted by a health care professional
 - □ Requires ongoing care

- 做 Kegel 练习
- ■用盘托住盆腔器官
 - □必须由专业医务人员安装
 - □需要持续的照顾





Prolapse: Treatment options

脱垂:治疗方案

- Surgery
 - □ Repair of prolapsed bladder or rectum
 - □ Removal of the uterus
 - □ Lifting of the prolapsed vagina
 - □ Closure of the vagina

- 手术
 - □修复脱垂膀胱或直肠
 - □切除子宫
 - □提升脱垂阴道
 - □封闭阴道



Conclusion 结论

- Pelvic organ prolapse affects millions of women
- 11-19% percent of women will undergo surgery for prolapse or incontinence by age 80 to 85 years
- There are good options for treatment
- Bladder health is important to women's Heath. Do not hesitate to communicate with your doctors

- 盆腔器官脱垂影响到 数以百万计的妇女
- 11-19%的女性到80~ 85岁时将要接受手术 治疗脱垂或尿失禁
- ■有好的治疗选择
- ■膀胱的健康是妇女保 健重要的一部分,请 大家多和医生沟通。



Helpful Websites

有帮助的网站

- http://www.pelvicorganprolapsesupport.org/pop-infochinese/
- http://www.mayoclinic.org/healthy-lifestyle/womenshealth/in-depth/kegel-exercises/art-20045283
- http://www.nhs.uk/conditions/Prolapse-of-theuterus/Pages/Introduction.aspx